



Control Getting Started Guide

Unidrive M600

Universal Variable Speed AC drive for
induction and permanent magnet motors

Part Number: 0478-0240-02
Issue: 2

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1 Safety information

1.1 Warnings, Cautions and Notes



A Warning contains information which is essential for avoiding a safety hazard.



A Caution contains information which is necessary for avoiding a risk of damage to the product or other equipment.

NOTE

A **Note** contains information, which helps to ensure correct operation of the product.

1.2 Important safety information. Hazards. Competence of designers and installers

This guide applies to products which control electric motors either directly (drives) or indirectly (controllers, option modules and other auxiliary equipment and accessories). In all cases the hazards associated with powerful electrical drives are present, and all safety information relating to drives and associated equipment must be observed.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this guide.

Drives and controllers are intended as components for professional incorporation into complete systems. If installed incorrectly they may present a safety hazard. The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury. Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. System design, installation, commissioning/start-up and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and competence. They must read this safety information and this guide carefully.

1.3 Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment is installed correctly with regard to all instructions given in this guide. They must give due consideration to the safety of the complete system, so as to avoid the risk of injury both in normal operation and in the event of a fault or of reasonably foreseeable misuse.

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation of the equipment.

1.4 Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross-sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective ground (earth) connections.

This guide contains instructions for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

All machinery to be supplied within the European Union in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

2006/42/EC Safety of machinery.

2014/30/EU: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

1.5 Electrical hazards

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive. Hazardous voltage may be present in any of the following locations:

- AC and DC supply cables and connections
- Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.

The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

The STOP and Safe Torque Off functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit.

The drive must be installed in accordance with the instructions given in this guide. Failure to observe the instructions could result in a fire hazard.

1.6 Stored electrical charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

1.7 Mechanical hazards

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive or controller which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behaviour or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk - for example, an over-speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail-safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor braking.

With the sole exception of the Safe Torque Off function, none of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety-related functions.

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards.

The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The Safe Torque Off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.

1.8 Access to equipment

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

1.9 Environmental limits

Instructions in this guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the equipment must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. This includes temperature, humidity, contamination, shock and vibration. Drives must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

1.10 Hazardous environments

The equipment must not be installed in a hazardous environment (i.e. a potentially explosive environment).

1.11 Motor

The safety of the motor under variable speed conditions must be ensured.

To avoid the risk of physical injury, do not exceed the maximum specified speed of the motor.

Low speeds may cause the motor to overheat because the cooling fan becomes less effective, causing a fire hazard. The motor should be installed with a protection thermistor. If necessary, an electric forced vent fan should be used.

The values of the motor parameters set in the drive affect the protection of the motor. The default values in the drive must not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in the Motor Rated Current parameter.

1.12 Mechanical brake control

Any brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.

1.13 Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

1.14 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Installation instructions for a range of EMC environments are provided in the relevant Power Installation Guide. If the installation is poorly designed or other equipment does not comply with suitable standards for EMC, the product might cause or suffer from disturbance due to electromagnetic interaction with other equipment. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the relevant EMC legislation in the place of use.

Safety information
Introduction
Control connections
Getting started
Basic parameters (Menu 0)
Running the motor
Further information

2 Introduction

High performance drive for induction and sensorless permanent magnet motors

Unidrive M600 delivers maximum machine performance with sensorless induction and sensorless permanent magnet motor control, for dynamic and efficient machine operation. An optional encoder module can be used for precise closed loop induction motor control with quadrature encoders and digital lock / frequency following.

Features

- Universal high performance drive for induction and sensorless permanent magnet motors.
- Onboard IEC 61131-3 programmable automation
- NV Media Card for parameter copying and data storage
- 485 serial communications interface
- Single channel Safe Torque Off (STO) input

Optional features

- Select up to three option modules

2.1 Operating modes

The drive is designed to operate in any of the following modes:

1. Open loop mode
 - Open loop vector mode
 - Fixed V/F mode (V/Hz)
 - Quadratic V/F mode (V/Hz)
2. RFC - A
 - With position feedback sensor (requires optional SI-Encoder module)
 - Without position feedback sensor (Sensorless)
3. RFC - S
 - Without position feedback sensor (Sensorless)

2.1.1 Open loop mode

The drive applies power to the motor at frequencies varied by the user. The motor speed is a result of the output frequency of the drive and slip due to the mechanical load. The drive can improve the speed control of the motor by applying slip compensation. The performance at low speed depends on whether V/F mode or open loop vector mode is selected.

Open loop vector mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where the drive uses motor parameters to apply the correct voltage to keep the flux constant under varying load conditions.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 1 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Fixed V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for multi-motor applications.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 4 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Quadratic V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the square of the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for running fan or pump applications with quadratic load characteristics or for multi-motor applications. This mode is not suitable for applications requiring a high starting torque.

2.1.2 RFC-A mode

Rotor Flux Control for Asynchronous (induction) motors (**RFC-A**) encompasses closed loop vector control with and without a position feedback device.

With position feedback (requires optional SI-Encoder module)

For use with induction motors with a feedback device installed. The drive directly controls the speed of the motor using the feedback device to ensure the rotor speed is exactly as demanded. Motor flux is accurately controlled at all times to provide full torque all the way down to zero speed.

Without position feedback (Sensorless)

Sensorless mode provides closed loop control without the need for position feedback by using current, voltages and key operating motor parameters

to estimate the motor speed. It can eliminate instability traditionally associated with open loop control such as operating large motors with light loads at low frequencies.

2.1.3 RFC- S

Rotor Flux Control for Synchronous (permanent magnet brushless) motors (**RFC-S**) provides closed loop control without a position feedback device.

Without position feedback

For use with permanent magnet brushless motors without a feedback device installed.

Flux control is not required because the motor is self excited by the permanent magnets which form part of the rotor.

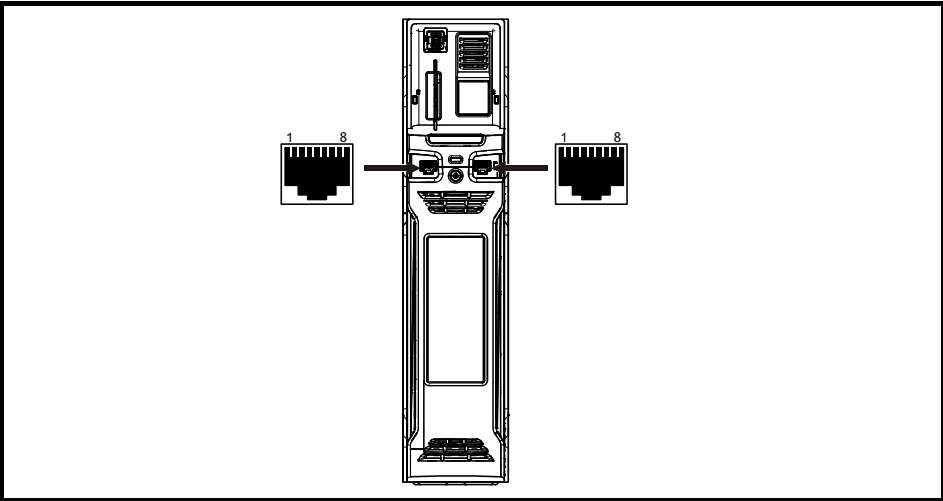
Full torque is available all the way down to zero speed, with salient motors.

3 Control connections

3.1 Communications connections

The drive offers a 2 wire 485 serial interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller if required.

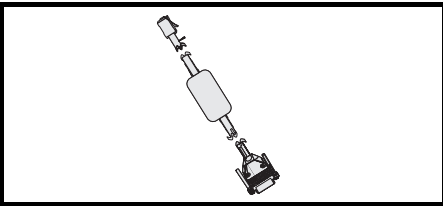
Figure 3-1 Location of the communication connectors



3.1.1 485 Serial communications

The drive provides two parallel RJ45 connectors allowing easy daisy chaining. The drive supports the Modbus RTU protocol. See Table 3-2 for the connection details.

Figure 3-2 Isolated serial comms lead



An isolated serial communications lead has been designed to connect the drive to IT equipment (such as laptop computers), and is available from the supplier of the drive. See below for details:

Table 3-1 Isolated serial comms lead details

Part number	Description
4500-0096	CT USB Comms cable

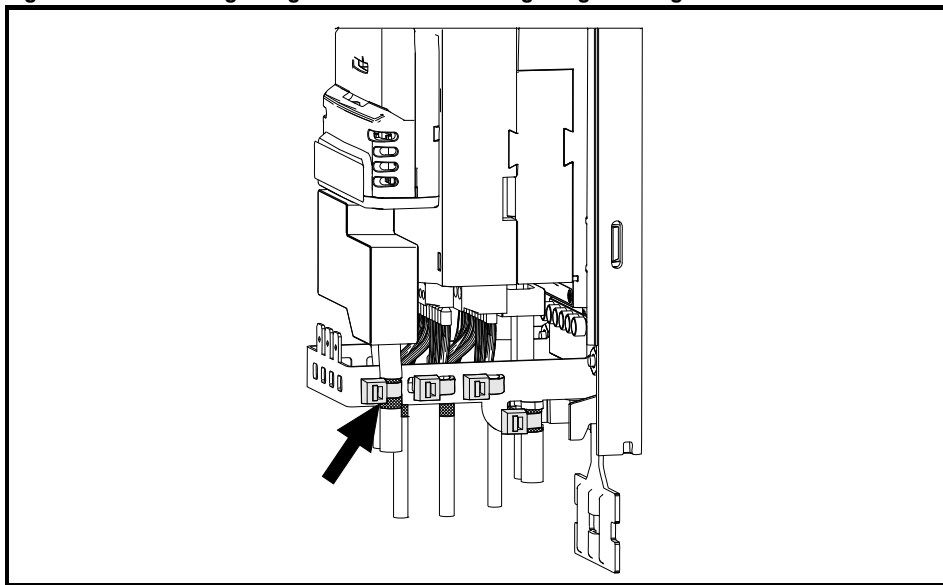
The “isolated serial communications” lead has reinforced insulation as defined in IEC60950 for altitudes up to 3,000 m.

Table 3-2 Serial communication port pin-outs

Pin	Function
1	120 Ω Termination resistor
2	RX TX
3	Isolated 0 V
4	+24 V (100 mA)
5	Isolated 0 V
6	TX enable
7	RX\ TX\
8	RX\ TX\ (if termination resistors are required, link to pin 1)
Shell	Isolated 0 V

3.2 Shield connections

The following guidelines should be followed to ensure suppression of radio-frequency emission and good noise immunity. It is particularly recommended that the guidelines for the encoder cable be followed closely in order to avoid disturbance to the encoder operation from electrical noise. Use the grounding bracket and grounding clamp supplied with the drive to terminate the shields at the drive.

Figure 3-3 Grounding of signal cable shields using the grounding bracket

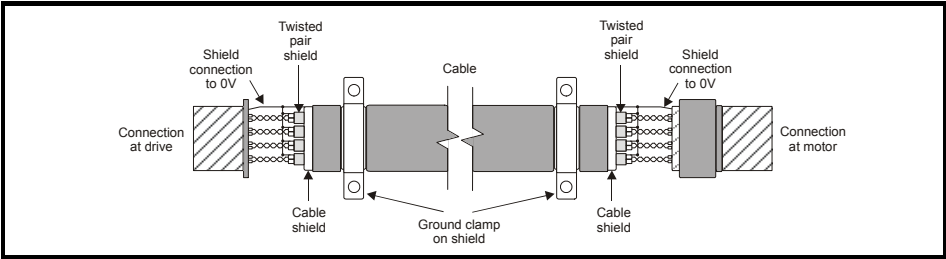
Motor cable: Use a motor cable with an overall shield. Connect the shield of the motor cable to the ground terminal of the motor frame using a link that is as short as possible and not exceeding 50 mm (2 in) long. A full 360 ° termination of the shield to the terminal housing of the motor is beneficial.

Encoder cable: For best shielding (when using an SI-Encoder option module), use cable with an overall shield and individual shields on twisted pairs, connect the cable as illustrated in Figure 3-4. Clamp the overall shield to grounded metallic surfaces at both the encoder and the drive.

Brake resistor cable: The optional braking resistor should also be wired with shielded cable. If unshielded wire is required refer to the *Control User Guide* for guidance.

Control cables: If the control wiring is to leave the enclosure, it must be shielded and the shield(s) clamped to the drive using the grounding bracket. Remove the outer insulating cover of the cable to ensure the shield(s) make contact with the bracket, but keep the shield(s) intact until as close as possible to the terminals.

Figure 3-4 Feedback cable shield connections



3.3 Control connections

For information on control connections, refer to the back cover of this guide.

4 Getting started

4.1 Quick start commissioning / start-up using Unidrive M Connect (V02.00.00.00 onwards)

Unidrive M Connect is a Windows™ based software commissioning / start-up tool for Unidrive M. Unidrive M Connect can be used for commissioning / start-up and monitoring, drive parameters can be uploaded, downloaded and compared and simple or custom menu listings can be created. Drive menus can be displayed in standard list format or as live block diagrams. Unidrive M Connect is able to communicate with a single drive or a network. Unidrive M Connect can be downloaded from www.controltechniques.com (file size approximately 100 MB).

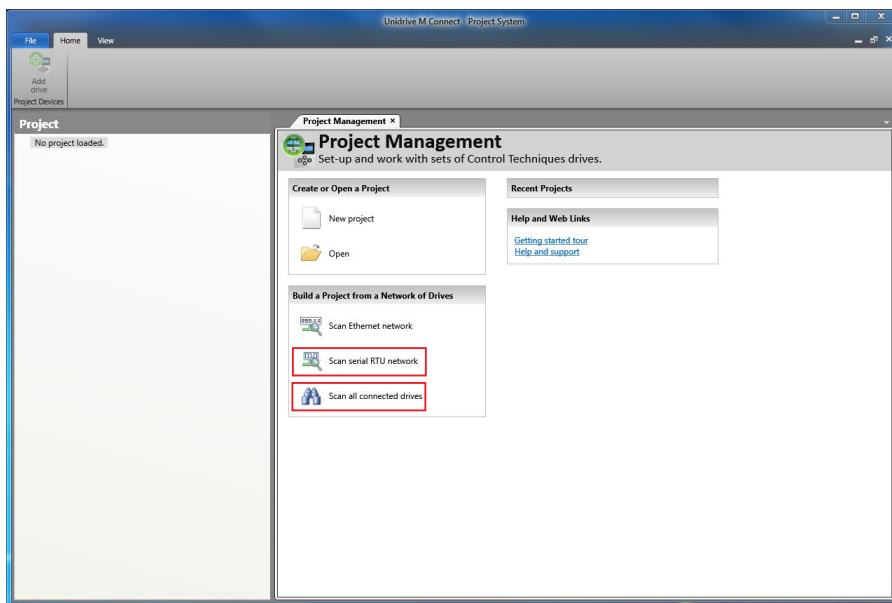
Unidrive M Connect system requirements

- Windows 8, Windows 7 SP1, Windows Vista SP2, Windows XP SP3
- Minimum of 1280 x 1024 screen resolution with 256 colours
- Microsoft.Net Frameworks 4.0 (this is provided in the downloaded file)
- Note that you must have administrator rights to install Unidrive M Connect

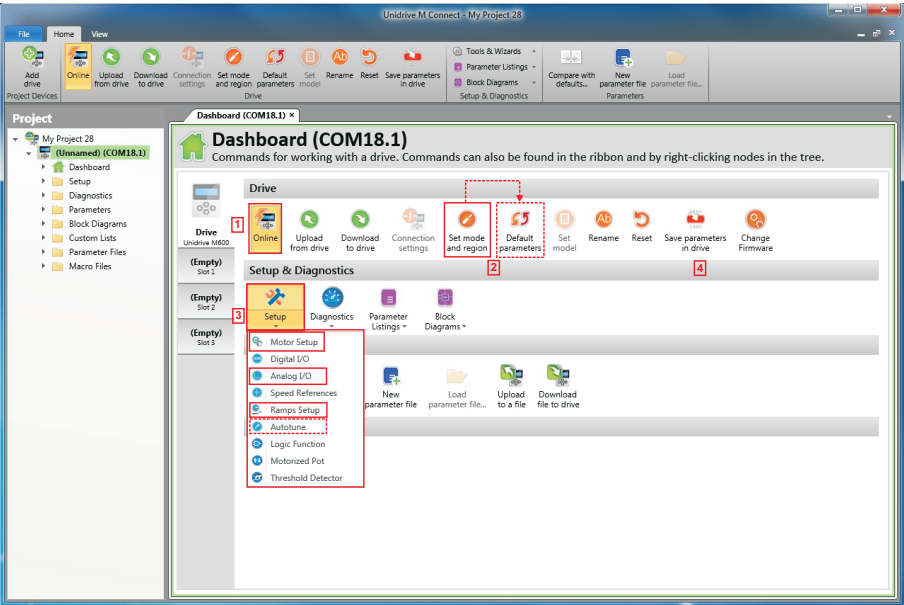
Any previous copy of Unidrive M Connect should be uninstalled before proceeding with the installation (existing projects will not be lost). Included within Unidrive M Connect is the *Parameter Reference Guide* for Unidrive M600.

4.1.1 Power-up the drive

1. Start Unidrive M Connect, and on the 'Project Management' screen select 'Scan serial RTU network' or 'Scan all connected drives'.



Select the discovered drive.



1. Select the 'Online' icon to connect with the drive. When a successful connection is made the icon will be highlighted orange.
2. Select 'Set mode and region'.
If the required control mode is highlighted in the 'Drive Settings' dialog, then:
 - Change the supply frequency, if required and select 'Apply', otherwise select 'Cancel'.
 - Select 'Default parameters' from the Dashboard and in the 'Default Parameters' dialogue, select 'Apply'If the required control mode is not highlighted in the 'Drive Settings' dialog then:
 - Select the required mode and supply frequency.
 - Select 'Apply'.
3. Select 'Setup' and perform the steps highlighted (dotted lines indicate a step which may not need to be performed).

Action	Detail
Motor Setup	Unidrive M Connect contains a database for induction motors and permanent magnet motors. Provision is also made to enter motor nameplate data. The next section describes the use of the motor database for a Leroy Somer LSRPM motor used in RFC-S Sensorless mode.
Analog I/O	The motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 07.015 . Refer to the parameter help for Pr 07.015 for further information.
Ramps Setup	Enter the required Acceleration rate and Deceleration rate Note: If a braking resistor is installed, set 'Ramp mode' to 'Fast'. Also ensure Pr 10.030 and Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen).
Autotune	Not required when using data from the motor database for a Leroy Somer LSRPM motor used in RFC-S Sensorless mode.

4. Select 'Save parameters in drive' to perform a parameter save.
The drive is now ready to run.

4.2 Keypad / display

4.2.1 Understanding the display

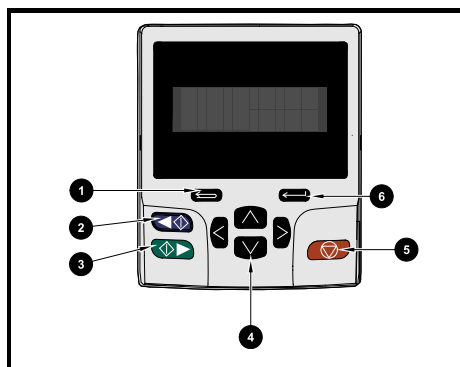
The keypad can only be mounted on the drive.

4.2.2 KI-Keypad

The KI-Keypad display consists of two rows of text. The upper row shows the drive status or the menu and parameter number currently being viewed. The lower row of the display line shows the parameter value or the specific trip type. The last two characters on the first row may display special indications. If more than one of these indications is active then the indications are prioritized as shown in Table 4-1 .

When the drive is powered up the lower row will show the power up parameter defined by *Parameter Displayed At Power-up* (11.022).

Figure 4-1 KI-Keypad



1. Escape button
2. Start reverse (Auxiliary button)
3. Start forward
4. Navigation keys (x4)
5. Stop / Reset (red) button
6. Enter button

NOTE The red stop  button is also used to reset the drive.

Table 4-1 Active action icon

Active action icon	Description	Row (1=top)	Priority in row
	Accessing non-volatile media card	1	1
	Alarm active	1	2
	Keypad real-time clock battery low	1	3
 or 	Drive security active and locked or unlocked	1	4
	Motor map 2 active	2	1
	User program running	3	1
	Keypad reference active	4	1

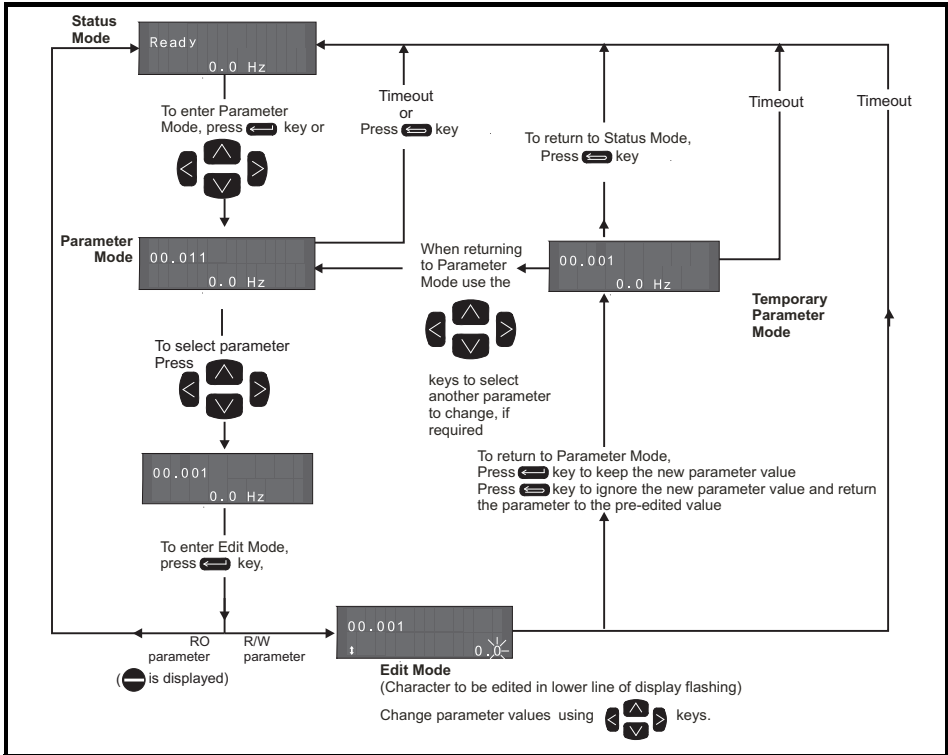
4.3 Keypad operation

4.3.1 Control buttons

The keypad consists of:

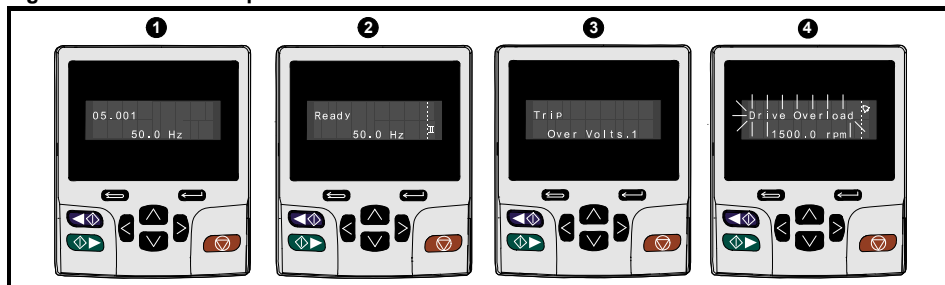
- Navigation Keys - Used to navigate the parameter structure and change parameter values.
- Enter / Mode button - Used to toggle between parameter edit and view mode.
- Escape / Exit button - Used to exit from parameter edit or view mode. In parameter edit mode, if parameter values are edited and the exit button pressed the parameter value will be restored to the value it had on entry to edit mode.
- Start forward button - Use to provide a 'Run' command if keypad mode is selected.
- Start reverse button - Used to control the drive if keypad mode is selected and the reverse button is activated.
- Stop / Reset button - Used to reset the drive. In keypad mode can be used for 'Stop'.

Figure 4-2 Display modes



The navigation keys can only be used to move between menus if Pr **00.049** has been set to show 'All Menus'

Figure 4-3 Mode examples



Do not change parameter values without careful consideration; incorrect values may cause damage or a safety hazard.

NOTE

When changing the values of parameters, make a note of the new values in case they need to be entered again.

NOTE

For new parameter-values to apply after the AC supply to the drive is interrupted, new values must be saved. Refer to section 4.8 *Saving parameters* on page 17.

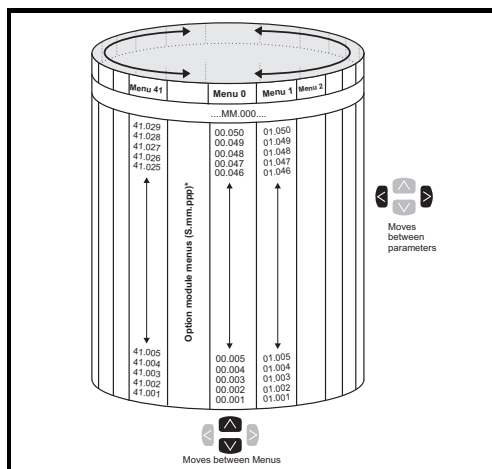
4.4 Menu 0

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. Appropriate parameters are copied from the advanced menus into menu 0 and thus exist in both locations. For further information, refer to Chapter 5 *Basic parameters (Menu 0)* on page 22.

4.5 Menu structure

The drive parameter structure consists of menus and parameters. The drive initially powers up so that only Menu 0 can be viewed. The up and down arrow buttons are used to navigate between parameters and once Pr **00.049** has been set to 'All Menus' the left and right buttons are used to navigate between menus. For further information, refer to section 4.12 *Parameter access level and security* on page 18.

Figure 4-4 Menu structure



The menus and parameters roll over in both directions. i.e. if the last parameter is displayed, a further press will cause the display to rollover and show the first parameter.

When changing between menus the drive remembers which parameter was last viewed in a particular menu and thus displays that parameter.

* The option module menus (S.mm.ppp) are only displayed if option modules are installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and the parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

4.6 Advanced menus

The advanced menus consist of groups or parameters appropriate to a specific function or feature of the drive. Menus 0 to 41 can be viewed on the KI-Keypad.

Table 4-2 Advanced menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set-up parameters for quick / easy programming
1	Frequency / speed reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency slaving and speed control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O, Temperature monitoring
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers and scope
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
13	Standard motion control
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
16	Option module slot 2 set-up menu
17	Option module slot 3 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
19	General option module application menu 2
20	General option module application menu 3
21	Second motor parameters
22	Menu 0 set-up
23	Not allocated
28	Not allocated
29	Reserved menu
30	Onboard user programming application menu
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus*
Slot 2	Slot 2 option menus*
Slot 3	Slot 3 option menus*

* Only displayed when the option modules are installed.

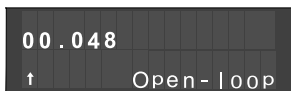
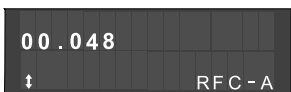
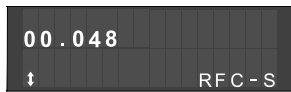
4.7 Changing the operating mode

Changing the operating mode returns all parameters to their default value, including the motor parameters. *User security status* (00.049) and *User security code* (00.034) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

1. Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 31 is open or Pr **06.015** is OFF (0)
2. Enter either of the following values in Pr **mm.000**, as appropriate:
1253 (50Hz AC supply frequency)
1254 (60Hz AC supply frequency)
3. Change the setting of Pr **00.048** as follows:

Pr 00.048 setting		Operating mode
	1	Open-loop (Induction motor)
	2	RFC-A (Induction motor with or without position feedback)
	3	RFC-S (Permanent magnet motor without position feedback)

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

4. Either:
 - Press the red  reset button
 - Toggle the reset digital input
 - Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr **10.038** to 100.

NOTE Entering 1253 or 1254 in Pr **mm.000** will only load defaults if the setting of Pr **00.048** has been changed.

4.8 Saving parameters

When changing a parameter in Menu 0, the new value is saved when pressing the  Enter button to return to parameter view mode from parameter edit mode.

If parameters have been changed in the advanced menus, then the change will not be saved automatically. A save function must be carried out.

Procedure

1. Select 'Save Parameters'* in Pr **mm.000** (alternatively enter a value of 1000* in Pr **mm.000**)
2. Either:
 - Press the red  reset button
 - Toggle the reset digital input, or
 - Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr **10.038** to 100

* If the drive is in the under voltage state (i.e. when the control terminal 1 & 2 are being supplied from a low voltage DC supply) a value of 1001 must be entered into Pr **mm.000** to perform a save function.

4.9 Restoring parameter defaults

Restoring parameter defaults by this method saves the default values in the drives memory. *User security status* (00.049) and *User security code* (00.034) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

1. Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 31 is open or Pr **06.015** is OFF (0)
2. Select 'Reset 50 Hz Defs' or 'Reset 60 Hz Defs' in Pr **mm.000**. (alternatively, enter 1233 (50 Hz settings) or 1244 (60 Hz settings) in Pr **mm.000**).
3. Either:
 - Press the red  reset button
 - Toggle the reset digital input
 - Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr **10.038** to 100

4.10 Displaying parameters with non-default values only

By selecting 'Show non-default' in Pr **mm.000** (Alternatively, enter 12000 in Pr **mm.000**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be those containing a non-default value. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **mm.000** and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0). Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 4.12 *Parameter access level and security* on page 18 for further information regarding access level.

4.11 Displaying destination parameters only

By selecting 'Destinations' in Pr **mm.000** (Alternatively enter 12001 in Pr **mm.000**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be destination parameters. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **mm.000** and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0).

Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 4.12 *Parameter access level and security* for further information regarding access level.

4.12 Parameter access level and security

The parameter access level determines whether the user has access to Menu 0 only or to all the advanced menus (Menus 1 to 41) in addition to Menu 0. The User Security determines whether the access to the user is read only or read write. Both the User Security and Parameter Access Level can operate independently of each other as shown in Table 4-3.

Table 4-3 Parameter access level and security

User security status (11.044)	Access level	User security	Menu 0 status	Advanced menu status
0	Menu 0	Open	RW	Not visible
		Closed	RO	Not visible
1	All Menus	Open	RW	RW
		Closed	RO	RO
2	Read-only Menu 0	Open	RO	Not visible
		Closed	RO	Not visible
3	Read-only	Open	RO	RO
		Closed	RO	RO
4	Status only	Open	Not visible	Not visible
		Closed	Not visible	Not visible
5	No access	Open	Not visible	Not visible
		Closed	Not visible	Not visible

The default settings of the drive are Parameter Access Level Menu 0 and User Security Open i.e. read / write access to Menu 0 with the advanced menus not visible.

4.13 NV Media Card operation

4.13.1 Introduction

The Non-Volatile Media Card feature enables simple configuration of parameters, parameter back-up and drive cloning using a SMARTCARD or SD card. The drive offers backward compatibility for a Unidrive SP SMARTCARD.

The NV Media Card can be used for:

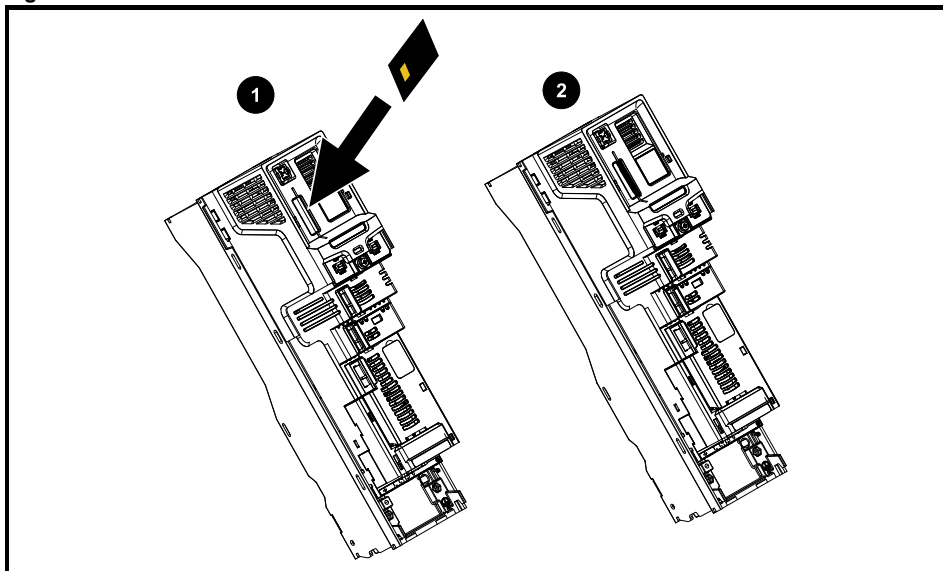
- Parameter copying between drives
- Saving drive parameter sets
- Saving a program

The NV Media Card is located at the top of the module under the drive display (if installed) on the left-hand side.

Ensure NV Media Card is inserted with the contacts facing the left-hand side of the drive.

The drive only communicates with the NV Media Card when commanded to read or write, meaning the card may be "hot swapped".

Figure 4-5 Installation of the NV Media Card



1. Installing the NV Media Card
2. NV Media Card installed

NV Media Card	Part number
SD Card Adaptor (memory card not included)	3130-1212-03
8 kB SMARTCARD	2214-4246-03
64 kB SMARTCARD	2214-1006-03

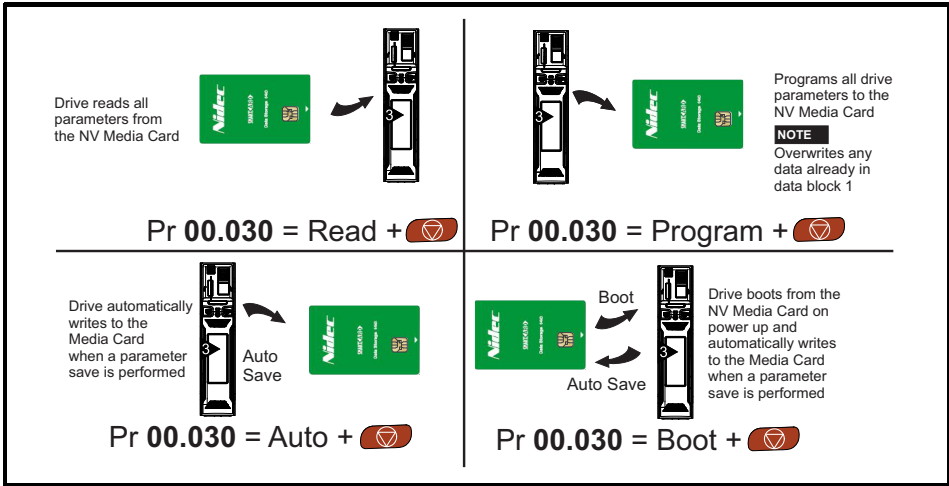
4.13.2 NV Media Card support

The NV Media Card can be used to store drive parameters and / or PLC programs set from the Unidrive M in data blocks 001 to 499.

The Unidrive M is compatible with a Unidrive SP SMARTCARD and is able to read and translate the Unidrive SP parameter set into a compatible parameter set for Unidrive M. This is only possible if the Unidrive SP parameter set was transferred to the SMARTCARD using the difference from defaults transfer method (i.e. 4yyy transfer). The Unidrive M is not able to read any other type of Unidrive SP data block on the card. Although it is possible to transfer difference from default data blocks from a Unidrive SP into the Unidrive M, the following should be noted:

- 1. If a parameter from the source drive does not exist in the target drive then no data is transferred for that parameter.
- 2. If the data for the parameter in the target drive is out of range then the data is limited to the range of the target parameter.
- 3. If the target drive has a different rating to the source drive then the normal rules for this type of transfer apply.

Figure 4-6 Basic NV Media Card operation



The whole card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read-only flag, refer to the *Control User Guide* for further information.

The card should not be removed during data transfer, as the drive will produce a trip. If this occurs then either the transfer should be reattempted or in the case of a card to drive transfer, default parameters should be loaded.

4.14 Transferring data

Data transfer, erasing and protecting the information is performed by entering a code in Pr **mm.000** and then resetting the drive as shown in Table 4-4.

Table 4-4 SMARTCARD and SD card codes

Code	Operation	SMARTCARD	SD card
2001	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001 and sets the block as bootable. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	✓	✓
4yyy	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	✓	✓
5yyy	Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file yyy.	✓	✓
6yyy	Load the drive parameters from parameter file yyy or the onboard user program from onboard user program file yyy.	✓	✓
7yyy	Erase file yyy.	✓	✓
8yyy	Compare the data in the drive with file yyy. If the files are the same then Pr mm.000 (mm.000) is simply reset to 0 when the compare is complete. If the files are different a 'Card Compare' trip is initiated. All other NV media card trips also apply.	✓	✓
9555	Clear the warning suppression flag	✓	✓
9666	Set the warning suppression flag	✓	✓
9777	Clear the read-only flag	✓	✓
9888	Set the read-only flag	✓	✓
9999	Erase and format the NV media card	✓	✓
15yyy	Transfer a program from an option module in slot 1 to an option module applications file		✓
16yyy	As 15yyy, but for slot 2		✓
17yyy	As 15yyy, but for slot 3		✓
18yyy	Load a program to the option module in slot 1 from an option module applications file		✓
19yyy	As 18yyy, but for slot 2		✓
20yyy	As 18yyy, but for slot 3		✓
21yyy	As 15yyy, but for slot 4		✓
22yyy	As 18yyy, but for slot 4		✓
40yyy	Backup all drive data (parameter differences from defaults, an onboard user program, applications programs and miscellaneous option data), including the drive name; the store will occur to the </MCDF/driveyyy/> folder; if it does not exist, it will be created. Because the name is stored, this is a backup, rather than a clone. The command code will be cleared when all drive and option data have been saved.		✓
60yyy	Load all drive data (parameter differences from defaults, an onboard user program, applications programs and miscellaneous option data); the load will come from the </MCDF/driveyyy/> folder. The command code will not be cleared until the drive and all option data have been loaded.		✓

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5 Basic parameters (Menu 0)

Parameter			Range			Default			Type						
			OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S							
00.001	Minimum Reference Clamp	{01.007}	±VM_NEGATIVE_REF_CLAMP1 Hz / rpm			0 Hz / rpm			RW	Num					US
00.002	Maximum Reference Clamp1	{01.006}	±VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1 Hz / rpm			50 Hz: 50.0 Hz 60 Hz: 60.0 Hz	50 Hz: 1500.0 rpm 60 Hz: 1800.0 rpm		RW	Num					US
00.003	Acceleration Rate 1	{02.011}	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm		5.0 s/ 100 Hz	2.000 s/1000 rpm		RW	Num					US
00.004	Deceleration Rate 1	{02.021}	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/100 Hz	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s/1000 rpm		10.0 s/ 100 Hz	2.000 s/1000 rpm		RW	Num					US
00.005	Reference Selector	{01.014}	A1 A2 (0), A1 Preset (1), A2 Preset (2) Preset (3), Keypad (4), Precision (5) Keypad Ref (6)			A1 A2 (0)			RW	Txt					US
00.006	Symmetrical Current Limit	{04.007}	±VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT %			165.0 %	175.0 %		RW	Num			RA		US
00.007	Open-loop Control Mode / Action On Enable	{05.014}	Ur S (0), Ur (1), Fixed (2), Ur Auto (3), Ur I (4), Square (5), Current 1P (6)			Ur I (4)			RW	Txt					US
	Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1	{03.010}		0.0000 to 200.000 s/rad			0.0300 s/rad		RW	Num					US
00.008	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	{05.015}	0.0 to 25.0 %			3.0 %			RW	Num					US
	Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1	{03.011}		0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad			0.10 s²/rad		RW	Num					US
00.009	Dynamic V to F Select	{05.013}	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit					US
	Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd 1	{03.012}		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad			0.00000 1/rad		RW	Num					US
00.010	Motor Rpm	{05.004}	±180000 rpm						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
	Speed Feedback	{03.002}		±VM_SPEED rpm					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
00.011	Output Frequency	{05.001}	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
	P1 Position	{03.029}			0 to 65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI	
00.012	Current Magnitude	{04.001}	±VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR A						RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	FI	
00.013	Torque Producing Current	{04.002}	±VM_DRIVE_CURRENT A						RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	FI	
00.014	Torque Mode Selector	{04.011}	0 or 1	0 to 5		0			RW	Num					US
00.015	Ramp Mode Select	{02.004}	Fast (0), Standard (1), Std boost (2)	Fast (0), Standard (1)		Standard (1)			RW	Txt					US

Parameter			Range			Default			Type					
			OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S						
00.016	Ramp Enable	{02.002}		Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)		RW	Bit				US
00.017	Digital Input 6 Destination	{08.026}	0.000 to 59.999			06.031			RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant	{04.012}		0.0 to 25.0 ms			1.0 ms		RW	Num				US
00.019	Analog Input 2 Mode	{07.011}	4-20 mA Low (-4), 20-4 mA Low (-3), 4-20 mA Hold (-2), 20-4 mA Hold (-1), 0-20 mA (0), 20-0 mA (1), 4-20 mA Trip (2), 20-4 mA Trip (3), 4-20 mA (4), 20-4 mA (5), Volt (6)			Volt (6)			RW	Txt				US
00.020	Analog Input 2 Destination	{07.014}	00.000 to 59.999			01.037			RW	Num	DE		PT	US
00.021	Analog Input 3 Mode	{07.015}	Volt (6), Therm Short Cct (7), Thermistor (8), Therm No Trip (9)			Volt (6)			RW	Txt				US
00.022	Bipolar Reference Enable	{01.010}	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
00.023	Jog Reference	{01.005}	0.0 to 400.0 Hz	0.0 to 4000.0 rpm		0.0 Hz / rpm			RW	Num				US
00.024	Preset Reference 1	{01.021}	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz / rpm			0.0 Hz / rpm			RW	Num				US
00.025	Preset Reference 2	{01.022}	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz / rpm			0.0 Hz / rpm			RW	Num				US
00.026	Preset Reference 3	{01.023}	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz			0.0 Hz			RW	Num				US
	Overspeed Threshold	{03.008}		0 to 40000 rpm			0 rpm		RW	Num				US
00.027	Preset Reference 4	{01.024}	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF Hz			0.0 Hz			RW	Num				US
00.028	Enable Auxiliary Key	{06.013}	Disabled (0), Forward / Reverse (1), Reverse (2)			Disabled (0)			RW	Num				US
00.029	NV Media Card Data Previously Loaded	{11.036}	0 to 999			0			RO	Num		NC	PT	
00.030	Parameter Cloning	{11.042}	None (0), Read (1), Program (2), Auto (3), Boot (4)			None (0)			RW	Txt		NC		US
00.031	Rated Voltage	{11.033}	200 V (0), 400 V (1), 575 V (2), 690 V (3)						RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
00.032	Maximum Heavy Duty Rating	{11.032}	0.000 to 99999.999 A						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
00.033	Catch A Spinning Motor	{06.009}	Disable (0), Enable (1), Fwd Only (2), Rev Only (3)			Disable (0)			RW	Txt				US
	Motor Parameter Adaptive Control	{05.016}		0 to 2			0		RW	Num				US
00.034	User Security Code	{11.030}	0 to 2147483647			0			RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
00.035	Serial Mode	{11.024}	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 EP (2), 8 1 OP (3), 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M (5), 8 1 EP M (6), 8 1 OP M (7), 7 2 NP (8), 7 1 NP (9), 7 1 EP (10), 7 1 OP (11), 7 2 NP M (12), 7 1 NP M (13), 7 1 EP M (14), 7 1 OP M (15)			8 2 NP (0)			RW	Txt				US
00.036	Serial Baud Rate	{11.025}	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600 (8), 76800 (9), 15200 (10)			19200 (6)			RW	Txt				US

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Parameter			Range			Default			Type					
			OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S						
00.037	Serial Address	{11.023}	1 to 247			1			RW	Num				US
00.038	Current Controller Kp Gain	{04.013}	0 to 30000			20	150		RW	Num				US
00.039	Current Controller Ki Gain	{04.014}	0 to 30000			40	2000		RW	Num				US
00.040	Auto-tune	{05.012}	0 to 2	0 to 5	0 to 6	0			RW	Num		NC		
00.041	Maximum Switching Frequency	{05.018}	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz (1), 4 kHz (2), 6 kHz (3), 8 kHz (4), 12 kHz (5), 16 kHz (6)			3 kHz (1)			RW	Txt		RA		US
00.042	Number Of Motor Poles	{05.011}	Automatic (0) to 480 Poles (240)			Automatic (0)	6 Poles (3)		RW	Num				US
00.043	Rated Power Factor	{05.010}	0.000 to 1.000			0.850			RW	Num		RA		US
00.044	Rated Voltage	{05.009}	±VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET V			200V drive: 230V 50Hz default 400V drive: 400V 60Hz default 400V drive: 460V 575V drive: 575V			RW	Num		RA		US
00.045	Rated Speed	{05.008}	0 to 33000 rpm	0.00 to 33000.00 rpm		Eur - 1500 rpm USA - 1800 rpm	Eur - 1450.0 0 rpm USA - 1750.0 0 rpm	3000.00 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.046	Rated Current	{05.007}	±VM_RATED_CURRENT A			Maximum Heavy Duty Rating (11.032) A			RW	Num		RA		US
00.047	Rated Frequency	{05.006}	0.0 to 550.0 Hz			50Hz: 50.0 60Hz: 60.0			RW	Num				US
	Volts per 1000 rpm	{05.033}			0 to 10000 V / 1000 rpm			98 V / 1000 rpm	RW	Num				US
00.048	User Drive Mode	{11.031}	Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4)			Open-loop (1)	RFC-A (2)	RFC-S (3)	RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
00.049	User Security Status	{11.044}	Menu 0 (0), All Menus (1), Read-only Menu 0 (2), Read-only (3), Status Only (4), No Access (5)			Menu 0 (0)			RW	Txt	ND		PT	
00.050	Software Version	{11.029}	0 to 99999999						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
00.051	Action On Trip Detection	{10.037}	00000 to 11111			00000			RW	Bin				US
00.052	Reset Serial Communications	{11.020}	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit	ND	NC		
00.053	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	{04.015}	1.0 to 3000.0 s			89.0 s			RW	Num				US
00.054	RFC Low Speed Mode	{05.064}			Injection (0), Non-salient (1)			Non-salient (1)	RW	Txt				US
00.055	Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current	{05.071}			0.0 to 1000.0 %			20.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
00.056	No-load Lq	{05.072}			0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US

Parameter		Range			Default			Type							
		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S								
00.057	Iq Test Current or Inductance Measurement	{05.075}			0 to 200 %				100 %	RW	Num				US
00.058	Phase Offset At Iq Test Current	{05.077}			±90.0 °				0.0 °	RW	Num		RA		US
00.059	Lq At The Defined Iq Test Current	{05.078}			0.000 to 500.000 mH				0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
00.060	Id Test Current for Inductance Measurement	{05.082}			-100 to 0 %				-50 %	RW	Num				US
00.061	Lq At The Defined Id Test Current	{05.084}			0.000 to 500.000 mH				0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

5.1

Parameter descriptions

5.1.1

Pr mm.000

Pr mm.000 is available in all menus, commonly used functions are provided as text strings in Pr mm.000 shown in Table 5-1. The functions in Table 5-1 can also be selected by entering the appropriate numeric values (as shown in Table 5-2) in Pr mm.000. For example, enter 7001 in Pr mm.000 to erase the file in NV media card location 001.

String	Action
Save parameters	Save parameters when under voltage is not active and low voltage threshold is not active
Load file 1	Load the drive parameters or user program file from NV media card file 001
Save to file 1	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001
Load file 2	Load the drive parameters or user program file from NV media card file 002
Save to file 2	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 002
Load file 3	Load the drive parameters or user program file from NV media card file 003
Save to file 3	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 003
Show non-default	Displays parameters that are different from defaults
Destinations	Displays parameters that are set
Reset 50Hz Defs	Load parameters with standard (50 Hz) defaults
Reset 60Hz Defs	Load parameters with US (60 Hz) defaults
Reset modules	Reset all option modules
Read Enc.NP P1	No function
Read Enc.NP P2	No function

Table 5-2 Functions in Pr mm.000

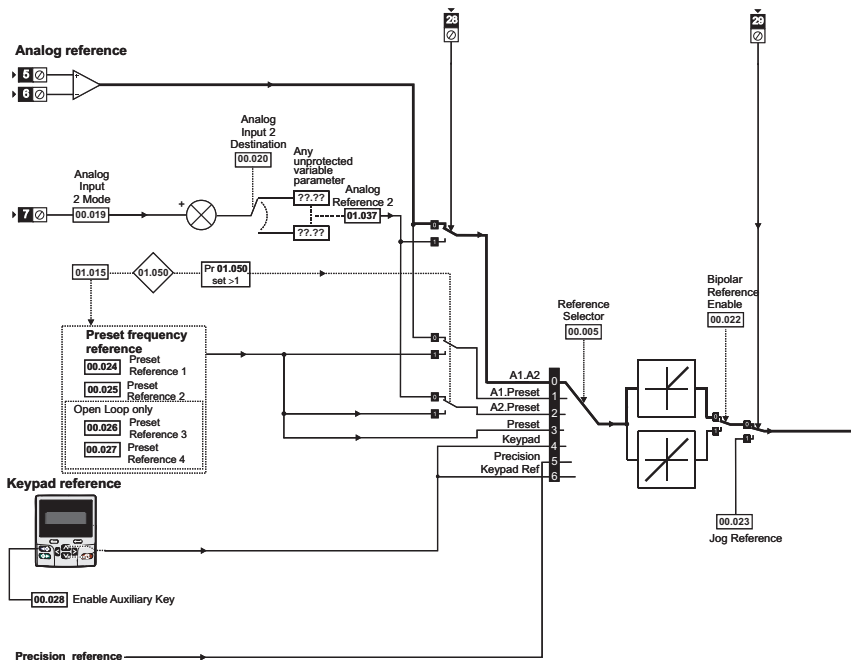
Value	Action
1000	Save parameters when <i>Under Voltage Active</i> (Pr 10.016) is not active and <i>Low Under Voltage Threshold Select</i> mode (Pr 06.067 = Off) is not active.
1001	Save parameter under all conditions
1070	Reset all option modules
1233	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1234	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1244	Load US (60 Hz) defaults
1245	Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1253	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1254	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults
1255	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
1256	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
1299	Reset {Stored HF} trip.
2001*	Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters
4yyy*	NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx
5yyy*	NV media card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx
6yyy*	NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx
7yyy*	NV media card: Erase file xxx
8yyy*	NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx
9555*	NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag
9666*	NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag
9777*	NV media card: Clear the read-only flag
9888*	NV media card: Set the read-only flag
9999*	NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card
12000**	Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.
12001**	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.

* See section 4.13 *NV Media Card operation* on page 19 for more information on these functions.

** These functions do not require a drive reset to become active. All other functions require a drive reset to initiate the function.

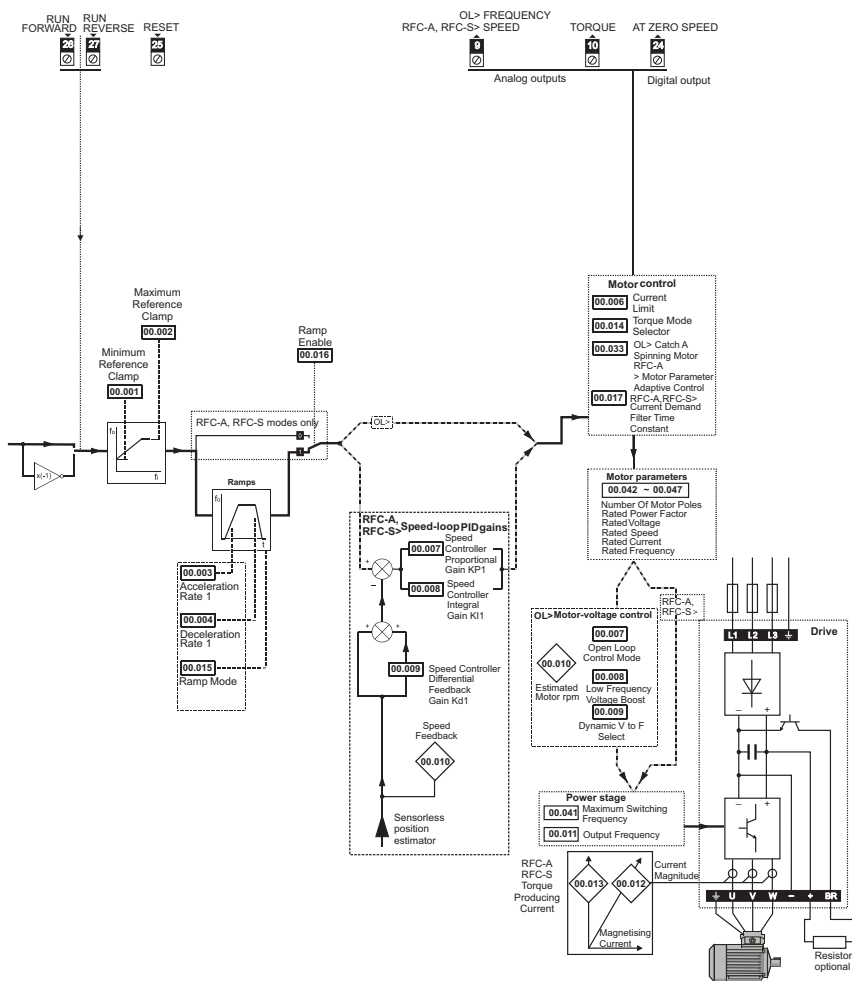
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Figure 5-1 Menu 0 logic diagram



Key			
Input terminals	00.XXX	Read-write (RW) parameter	
Output terminals	00.XXX	Read-only (RO) parameter	

The parameters are all shown in their default settings



6 Running the motor

This chapter takes the new user through all the essential steps to running a motor for the first time, in each of the possible operating modes.



Ensure that no damage or safety hazard could arise from the motor starting unexpectedly.



The values of the motor parameters affect the protection of the motor.
The default values in the drive should not be relied upon.
It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr **00.046 Rated Current**. This affects the thermal protection of the motor.



If the drive is started using the keypad it will run to the speed defined by the keypad reference (Pr **02.017**). This may not be acceptable depending on the application. The user must check in Pr **01.017** and ensure that the keypad reference has been set to 0.



If the intended maximum speed affects the safety of the machinery, additional independent over-speed protection must be used.

6.1 Quick start connections

6.1.1 Basic requirements

This section shows the basic connections which must be made for the drive to run in the required mode. For minimal parameter settings to run in each mode please see the relevant part of section 6.2 *Quick Start / start-up* on page 32.

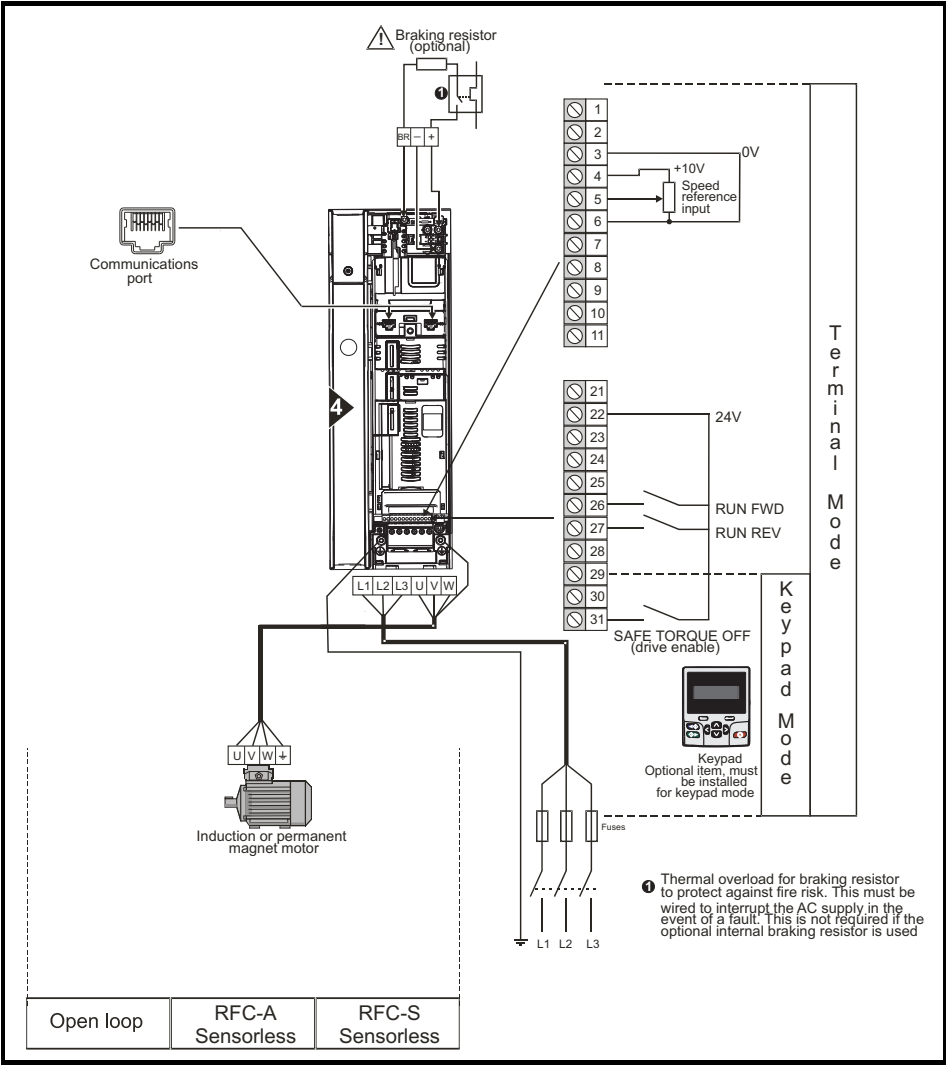
Table 6-1 Minimum control connection requirements for each control mode

Drive control method	Requirements
Terminal mode	Drive enable Speed / Torque reference Run forward / Run reverse
Keypad mode	Drive enable
Communications	Drive enable Communications link

Table 6-2 Minimum control connection requirements for each mode of operation

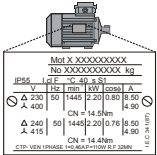
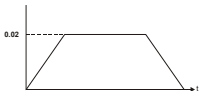
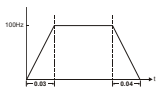
Operating mode	Requirements
Open loop mode	Induction motor
RFC - A sensorless (without feedback position)	Induction motor with speed feedback
RFC - S sensorless (without position feedback)	Permanent magnet motor with speed and position feedback

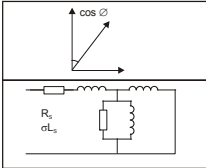
Figure 6-1 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 4 illustrated)



6.2 Quick Start / start-up

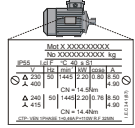
6.2.1 Open loop

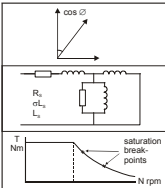
Action	Detail	
Before power-up	Ensure: - The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 31) - Run signal is not given - Motor is connected	
Power-up the drive	Verify that Open Loop mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 4.7 <i>Changing the operating mode</i> on page 17 . Ensure that the drive displays 'Inhibit'	
Enter motor nameplate details	Enter: - Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 (Hz) - Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) - Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) - Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) - check if Δ or Y connection	
Set maximum frequency	Enter: Maximum frequency in Pr 00.002 (Hz)	
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	Enter: - Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/100 Hz) - Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/100 Hz) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030 and Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen).	
Motor thermistor set-up	The motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 07.015 . Refer to Pr 07.015 for further information.	

Action	Detail		Safety information	Introduction	Control connections	Getting started	Basic parameters (Menu 0)	Running the motor	Further information
Autotune	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.  WARNING A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to $\frac{2}{3}$ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. - A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. A stationary autotune measures stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor and values relating to deadtime compensation from the drive. These are required for good performance in vector control modes. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. - A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at $\frac{2}{3}$ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the power factor of the motor. To perform an autotune: - Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.040 = 2 for a rotating autotune - Close the Drive Enable signal (terminal 31). The drive will display 'Ready'. - Close the run signal (terminal 26 or 27). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the autotune. - Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill. - Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive.								
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and press the red  reset button or toggle the reset digital input.								
Run	Drive is now ready to run								

6.2.2 RFC-A mode (Sensorless)

Induction motor with sensorless control

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	Ensure: - The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 31) - Run signal is not given - Motor is connected	
Power-up the drive	Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 4.7 <i>Changing the operating mode</i> on page 17, otherwise restore parameter defaults (see section 4.9 <i>Restoring parameter defaults</i> on page 18. Ensure that the drive displays 'Inhibit'	
Enter motor nameplate details	Enter: - Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 (Hz) - Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) - Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) - Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) - check if Δ or Δ connection	
Set maximum speed	Enter: Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	Enter: - Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000rpm) - Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = FAST. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen).	

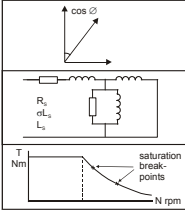
Action	Detail	
Autotune	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. NOTE It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 00.040 set to 2).  A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to $\frac{2}{3}$ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. - A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor and values relating to deadtime compensation from the drive. Measured values are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. - A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at $\frac{2}{3}$ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor and calculates the power factor. To perform an autotune: - Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.040 = 2 for a rotating autotune - Close the drive enable signal (terminal 31). The drive will display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit'. - Close the run signal (terminal 26 or 27). The lower display will flash 'Autotune' while the drive is performing the autotune. - Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill. - Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive.	
	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and press red  reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
	Drive is now ready to run	

6.2.3 RFC-A mode (with position feedback)

Induction motor with position feedback using optional SI-Encoder module

Only an incremental quadrature encoder as supported by the optional SI-Encoder module

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	Ensure: - The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 31). - Run signal is not given - Motor and feedback device are connected	
Power-up the drive	Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 4.7 <i>Changing the operating mode</i> on page 17, otherwise restore parameter defaults (see section 4.9 <i>Restoring parameter defaults</i> on page 18). Ensure that the drive displays 'Inhibit'	
Enable motor feedback and set parameters	Incremental encoder basic set-up Set Pr 03.024 = Feedback (0) Enter: - Encoder power supply in Pr. mm.036 = 5 V (0), 8 V (1) or 15 V (2). * NOTE If output voltage from the encoder is >5 V, then the termination resistors must be disabled Pr mm.039 to 0. * CAUTION Setting the encoder voltage supply too high for the encoder could result in damage to the feedback device. - Drive encoder Lines Per Revolution (LPR) in Pr mm.034 (set according to encoder) * - Drive encoder termination resistor setting in Pr mm.039: * 0 = A-A\, B-B\ termination resistors disabled 1 = A-A\, B-B\, termination resistors enabled * mm is dependant on the slot into which the SI-Encoder module is installed (15 = Slot 1, 16 = Slot 2, 17 = Slot 3).	
Enter motor nameplate details	- Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 (Hz) - Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) - Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) - Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) - check if Δ or Δ connection	
Set maximum speed	Enter: Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	Enter: - Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000 rpm) - Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000 rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen).	
Motor thermistor set-up	The motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 07.015 . Refer to Pr 07.015 for further information.	

Action	Detail	
Autotune	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive.  A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to $\frac{2}{3}$ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. - A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor and values relating to deadtime compensation from the drive. Measured values are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. - A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at $\frac{2}{3}$ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor and calculates the power factor. To perform an autotune: - Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.040 = 2 for a rotating autotune - Close the drive enable signal (terminal 31). The drive will display 'Ready'. - Close the run signal (terminal 26 or 27). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the autotune. - Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill - Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive.	
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and press red  reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	

6.2.4 RFC-S mode (Sensorless)

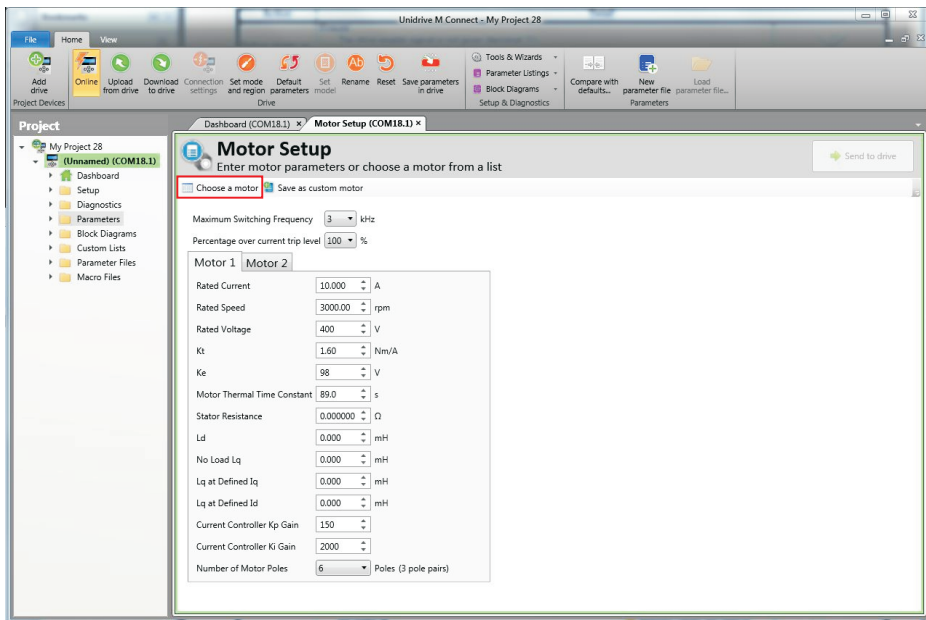
Permanent magnet motor without position feedback

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	Ensure: - The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 31). - Run signal is not given - Motor is connected	
Power-up the drive	Verify that RFC-S mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 4.7 <i>Changing the operating mode</i> on page 17, otherwise restore parameter defaults (see section 4.9 <i>Restoring parameter defaults</i> on page 18). Ensure that the drive displays 'inhibit'	
Enter motor nameplate details	Enter: - Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Ensure that this equal to or less than the Heavy Duty rating of the drive otherwise 'Motor Too Hot' trips may occur during the autotune. - Number of poles in Pr 00.042 - Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V)	
Set maximum speed	Enter: Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	Enter: - Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s/1000 rpm) - Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004 (s/1000 rpm) (If braking resistor installed, set Pr 00.015 = Fast. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'Brake R Too Hot' trips may be seen).	
Autotune	The drive is able to perform a stationary autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance. - A stationary autotune is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance, inductance in flux axis, inductance in torque axis with no load on the motor and values relating to deadtime compensation from the drive. Measured values are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. To perform an autotune: - Set Pr 00.040 = 1 or 2 for a stationary autotune. (Both perform the same tests). - Close the run signal (terminal 26 or 27). - Close the drive enable signal (terminal 31). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' during the test. - Wait for the drive to display 'Ready' or 'Inhibit'. If the drive trips it cannot be reset until the drive enable signal (terminal 31) has been removed. - Remove the drive enabled and run signal from the drive.	
Check Saliency	In sensorless mode, when the motor speed is below Pr 00.045 / 10, a special low speed algorithm must be used to control the motor. There are two modes available, with the mode chosen based on the saliency of the motor. The ratio No-load Lq (Pr 00.056) / Ld (Pr 05.024) provides a measure of the saliency. If this value is > 1.1, then Non-salient mode must be used (this is the default), otherwise Injection mode may be used. Set Pr 00.054 for the selected mode: Injection (0) or Non-salient (1).	
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and press red reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	

6.2.5 Use of the motor database for a Leroy Somer LSRPM motor for use in RFC-S Sensorless mode.

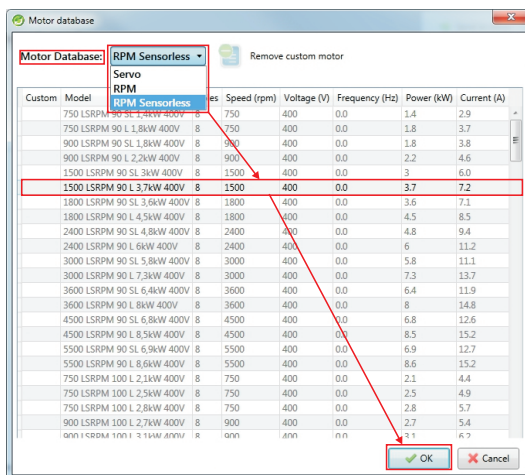
Select 'Motor Setup' from the 'Dashboard'.

On the 'Motor Setup' screen, select 'Choose a motor'.



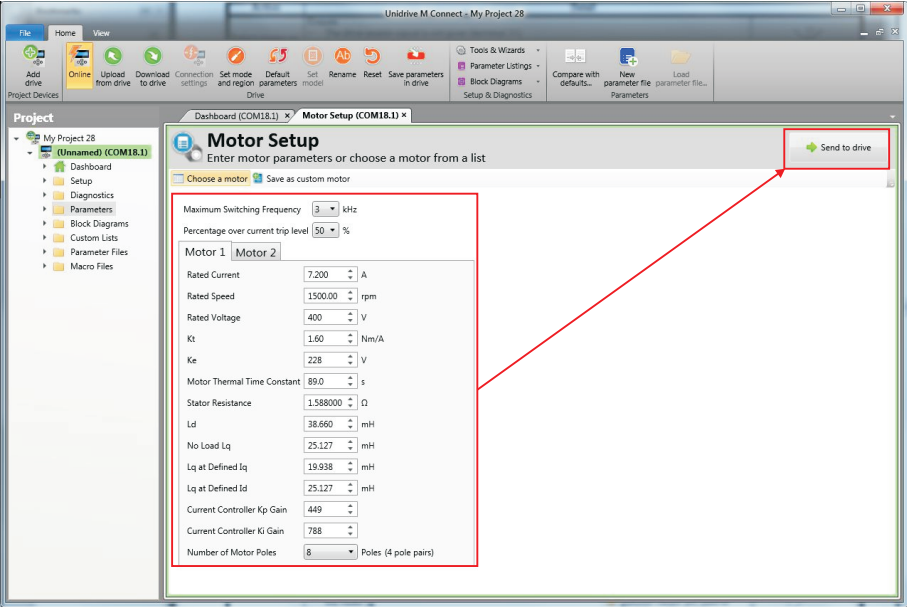
Select the required motor database:

Select the required motor from the list and click 'OK'.



The data for the selected motor is displayed on the 'Motor Setup' screen. Click 'Send to drive' to set the associated parameters.

It is possible to set motor parameters for motor 2, by selecting the 'Motor 2' tab and following the same procedure.

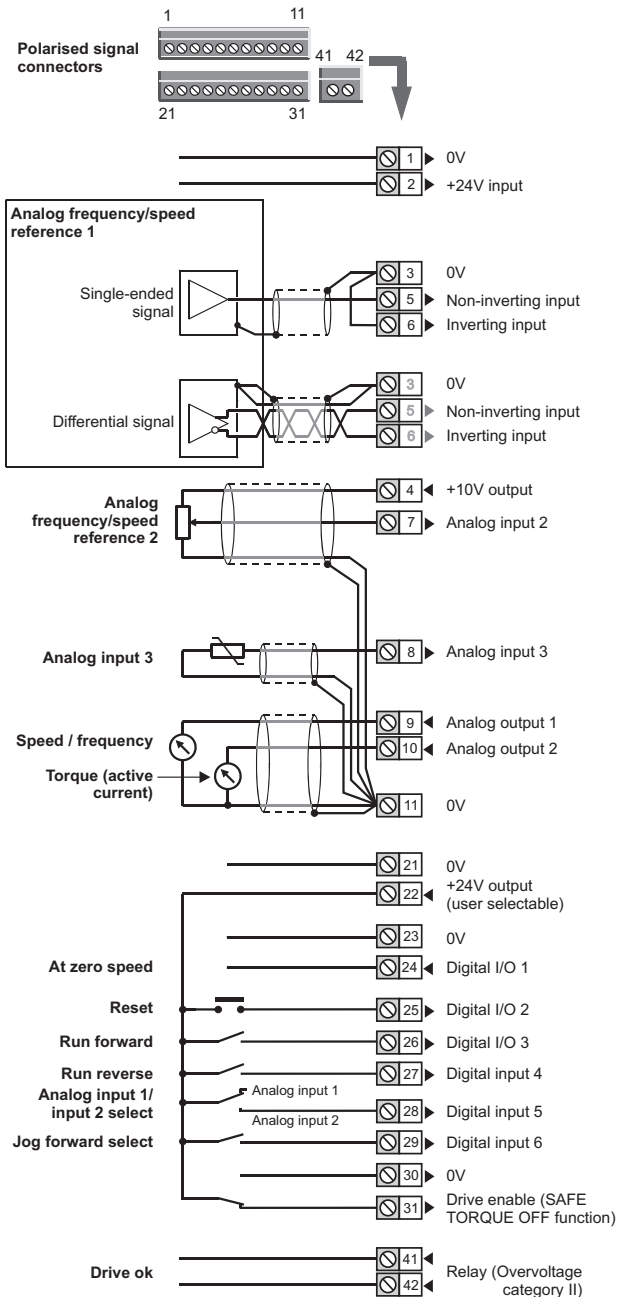


7 Further information

7.1 Diagnostics

For further information on diagnostics including trips and alarms, refer to the *Control User Guide*.

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Introduction
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Getting started
Basic parameters (Menu 0)
Running the motor
Further information



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